

24th JUDICIAL DISTRICT
GRANT AND HARNEY CIRCUIT COURT
SUPPLEMENTARY LOCAL RULES
Effective February 1, 2011 through
January 31, 2012

W.D. CRAMER, JR.
PRESIDING JUDGE

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER 1 – Office Hours and Contact	2
CHAPTER 3 – Decorum in Proceedings	2
CHAPTER 4 – Proceedings in Criminal Cases	2
CHAPTER 6 – Trial	3
CHAPTER 7 – Case Management and Calendaring	3
CHAPTER 8 – Domestic Relations Proceedings	4
CHAPTER 9 – Protective Proceedings Objections	6
CHAPTER 11 – Juvenile.	6
CHAPTER 12 – Mediation.	7
CHAPTER 13 - Arbitration	10
APPENDIX 1 – Standard Parenting Plan	11
APPENDIX 2 – Objection to Petition for Appointment of Guardian/Conservator	16

**CHAPTER 1
OFFICE HOURS AND CONTACT**

1.151 OFFICE HOURS

- (1) Grant County's office hours are 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon and 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. The office is located on the 2nd floor of the Grant County Courthouse, 201 S. Humbolt, Canyon City, Oregon
- (2) Harney County's office hours are 8:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon and 1:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays. The office is located on the 2nd floor of the Harney County Courthouse, 450 N. Buena Vista Ave., Burns

1.171 WEBSITE

- (1) Grant County <http://courts.oregon.gov/Grant/>
- (2) Harney County <http://courts.oregon.gov/Harney/>

**CHAPTER 3
DECORUM IN PROCEEDINGS**

3.181 MEDIA OR OTHER PUBLIC ACCESS COVERAGE OF COURT EVENTS

Media or Public Access Coverage is prohibited in the hallways outside of any Courtroom or Court Office. Upon request, on a case by case basis, the Court will consider designating an area outside of the courtrooms and prohibited court areas for media and public access coverage.

**CHAPTER 4
PROCEEDINGS IN CRIMINAL CASES**

4.081 APPEARANCE AT CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS BY MEANS OF SIMULTANEOUS ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

An in-custody defendant may appear by simultaneous electronic transmission pursuant to UTCR 4.080 at the following hearings:

- (1) Arraignment.
- (2) Release.
- (3) Probation violation.
- (4) Plea.
- (5) Sentencing, with prior approval of the court.

CHAPTER 6

TRIALS

6.061 JURY INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) It is the strong preference of the court to have written jury instructions in every case. The Court requests written instructions pursuant to UTCR 6.060 and 6.070. In addition, the Court requests that not more than one proposed instruction, including Uniform Instructions appear on a single sheet of paper.
- (2) In Lieu of written instruction, an attorney or party may provide instructions on a computer disk in Microsoft Word format.

CHAPTER 7 CASE MANAGEMENT AND CALENDARING

7.001 DATES FOR APPEARANCE

(1) **Dates For Hearing on Motions:**

The Trial Court Administrator will set hearing dates and advise the parties in writing by regular or electronic mail.

(2) **Dates For Hearing on Orders To Show Cause:**

The initial date set for appearance on orders to show cause shall be set forth therein and the order shall be personally served on the person ordered to appear. If there is no appearance as ordered, the matter may be determined at the time set for hearing on the order. If the person ordered to appear does appear and indicates a desire to contest the issues raised in the order to show cause, and the parties are ready to proceed at the time, the hearing shall proceed at that time if there is time available. If the parties are not ready to proceed or there is not sufficient time available for a hearing, a hearing will be set for a later time. The Trial Court Administrator will thereafter confirm the hearing date and time by notice in writing.

(3) **Dates for Trials:**

The Trial Court Administration will set trial dates and advise the parties in writing by regular or electronic mail.

(4) **Primary and Alternate Trial Settings:**

A case given a designation as primary trial setting will begin at 9:00 a.m. on the date indicated. Cases given an alternate trial setting must be prepared and ready to proceed to trial (as if they were the primary case) until 3:00 p.m. on the day before the date set for trial. Exceptions to the preceding rule can be granted by the presiding judge if good cause is shown.

7.011 PLEA NEGOTIATIONS

- (1) Except as allowed at arraignment or for good cause shown, after initial entry of plea of not guilty, the only plea or pleas which will be accepted by the Court will be entry of plea or pleas to the charges as set forth in the accusatory instrument. Therefore, pleas to lesser-included charges, or other charges, or to only some of the charges as per offer previously tendered by the State through plea negotiations, will not be accepted.

- (2) The District Attorney's Office will submit a plea offer as soon as practicable, but in any event not later than ten days prior to the scheduled entry of plea.
- (3) Counsel for the defendant shall discuss with his/her client the State's offer, complete negotiations, and finalize written plea petitions prior to the time set for plea.
- (4) Plea petitions are required in all cases involving filed charges of Class A misdemeanors or felonies.
- (5) The Court may find a good cause exception to the above time lines and extend the date for plea. Counsel shall request an extension of the date by written motion supported by affidavit setting forth the basis.

CHAPTER 8 DOMESTIC RELATIONS PROCEEDINGS

8.001 PARENTING TIME GUIDELINES

Attached as Appendix 1 is a recommended schedule for parenting time for proceedings where there are minor children. The schedule is a guideline when the parents cannot otherwise agree. Generally, the court will impose the guideline schedule but will modify it as appropriate in individual cases.

(1) Mandatory Parent Education Program

- (a) A parent education program as authorized by ORS 3.425 is established. The program shall provide information on the impact of family restructuring on children to each person named as a party in the following types of proceedings, when such proceedings involve minor children:
 - (I) Annulment or dissolution of marriage,
 - (II) Legal separation,
 - (III) Petition to establish custody and parenting plans (including paternity),
 - (IV) And post-judgment litigation involving custody, visitation or parenting plans
- (b) Each person named as a party in proceeding of the type described above shall complete the program unless waived by the Court.
- (c) The party initiating the proceeding shall register for the program within fifteen (15) days after filing the initiating pleading with the Court. A copy of the local rule and instructions on how to register for the program shall be served by the initiating party on all parties against whom relief is sought, service shall be completed in the manner provided in ORCP 7 at the time the initiating documents are served. All other parties shall have thirty (30) days after service of the notice upon them to register for the program.

- (d) The Court shall provide a copy of this rule to the initiating party for service upon all parties against whom relief is sought, together with a statement describing the program including contact telephone numbers, addresses and statements of costs.
- (e) The program provider shall issue a certificate of completion when the participant has completed the program. The certificate must be filed with the Court.
- (f) The Court may waive one or both parties from the program if, after reviewing the requesting party's motion and supporting affidavit, the Court determines that participation is unnecessary or inappropriate.

(2) Sanctions

- (a) Failure or refusal to complete the program in a timely manner shall be considered by the Court in making its ruling on issues which are in dispute.
- (b) Upon a party's failure to successfully complete the education program pursuant to this rule, the assigned judge may take appropriate action including issuing an order to comply which thereafter may be enforced through proceedings for contempt.

8.041 SHOW CAUSE ORDER FOR TEMPORARY RELIEF

- (1) The Show Cause Order must contain the following or similar notice:

NOTICE
READ THESE PAPERS CAREFULLY
YOU ARE ORDERED TO FILE A WRITTEN RESPONDING AFFIDAVIT WITH
THIS COURT WITHIN 21 DAYS OF RECEIPT OF THESE PAPERS
IF YOU DESIRE TO CONTEST THIS SHOW CAUSE ORDER.
IF YOU DO NOT FILE A WRITTEN RESPONDING AFFIDAVIT, THE SHOW
CAUSE ORDER WILL BE GRANTED.

- (2) The Show Cause Order shall require the opposing party, if the opposing party desires to appear and be heard or otherwise contest the issues, whether in whole or in part, to file a Responding Affidavit within 21 days following service or as the Court may otherwise direct. The Responding Affidavit shall respond to the Affidavit supporting the Show Cause Order and allege matters to the extent the opposing party wishes to put a matter of fact at issue.
- (3) If the relief requested includes support, a blank Uniform Support Affidavit shall be served on the opposing party along with the Order to Show Cause for use should opposing party desire to respond.
- (4) All Show Cause Orders shall be filed and served on the opposing party no less than 30 days prior to the show cause first appearance date, unless another time is ordered by the Court or provided by law.

CHAPTER 9

PROTECTIVE PROCEEDINGS OBJECTIONS

9.081 ORAL OBJECTIONS TO PROTECTIVE PROCEEDINGS

- (1) Probate jurisdiction is in the county courts in Grant and Harney Counties. This SLR only applies to cases that have been transferred to Circuit Court from the county courts.
- (2) Any interested person, as described in ORS 125.075(1), who has an oral objection to a Petition in a protective proceeding should contact the Trial Court Administrator in Grant County at (541)575-1438 or the Trial Court Administrator in Harney County at (541)573-5207. The objecting party should advise the Trial Court Administrator that the objecting party wishes to make oral objections to the Petition. Upon receipt of the objection and payment of the applicable fee required by ORS 21.310, the Court will schedule a hearing and notify the appropriate parties.
- (3) The court clerk will provide the Objection form contained in APPENDIX 2.

9.082 NOTICE OF FREE LEGAL SERVICES

This Judicial District shall post a notice of free legal services on the bulletin board outside each Courtroom.

CHAPTER 11 JUVENILE

11.051 PERSONAL APPEARANCE REQUIRED

In all termination and dependency cases, parent(s) and any guardian(s) shall be served a Summons to personally appear at a time and place specified to answer the Petition. The parents(s) and any guardian(s) must personally appear in court at the time and date specified in the Summons. A written appearance shall not be permitted. A parent or guardian may make written application to the Court for their personal appearance by telephone in extraordinary circumstances; however, the written application must be filed with the Court two (2) days prior to the time scheduled for the parent's or guardian's personal appearance. The written application must include the person's current residence address, mailing address, telephone number, and the person's acknowledgment that it is their obligation to initiate/place the telephone call to the Court at the time scheduled for their appearance.

CHAPTER 12 MEDIATION

12.001 MATTERS SUBJECT TO MEDIATION

(1) Mandatory Mediation:

Any matter described in ORS 107.765 and any other proceedings where child custody or a parenting plan is at issue, unless otherwise exempted by law, shall be subject to mandatory mediation. The Court will not consider any contested parenting plan issues in a proceeding that results in a final judgment or order unless it is notified by a mediator that the matter has proceeded through mediation in accordance with these rules. Request for prejudgment custody and parenting plan orders under ORS 107.095 are not subject to mandatory mediation, but mediation will be ordered on the joint request of the parties.

(2) Exclusion From Mediation:

The Court may exclude a case from mandatory mediation for good cause shown after hearing on the motion of a party with service on the opposing party. Cases involving domestic violence will be subject to adopted domestic violence protocols.

(3) Other Matters:

The mediator shall not consider matters of property division or spousal or child support in connection with the mediation of a dispute concerning child custody, parenting time, or visitation, or otherwise without the written approval of both parties or their counsel.

12.02 CONTROL AGREEMENTS

A domestic relations case filed in the Circuit Court remains subject to the control of that Court during mediation. The Court which refers a case to mediation may set in its referral order the limits of the mediator's scope of authority in the case. Any agreements of the parties reached as a result of mediation for which Court enforcement may be sought must be presented to the Court in Judgment form. The Court shall retain final authority to accept, modify or reject the agreement. In order to preserve and prompt the integrity of mediation as a dispute resolution technique, the Court shall consider and may include all reasonable agreements reached by the parties in formulating its Judgment in the case.

12.003 REFERRAL TO MEDIATION

When the parties have not requested mediation but it appears that parenting plan/custody issues are part of a proceeding that will result in a final judgment or order, the Court shall refer the matter to mediation. "At issues" means that the case is ready to be set for trial or if a party seeks to modify the parenting time or custody provision of a divorce judgment or a judgment establishing paternity, when the case is ready to be set for hearing.

12.004 AUTHORITY OF MEDIATORS

- (1) A mediator has authority and control over the mediation process; but a mediator has no control or authority over the parties or over their decisions in the case.
- (2) Unless otherwise agreed in writing by the parties and mediator, the parties' legal counsel shall not be present at mediation sessions.
- (3) A mediator shall encourage disputing parties to obtain individual legal advice and individual legal review of any mediation agreement before signing any agreement.
- (4) A mediator shall not act as a lawyer for either party.

12.005 MEDIATION ORIENTATION

- (1) Mediation shall consist of an orientation session and a maximum of (8) eight hours of sessions involving the parties and mediator. Additional sessions may be provided at the parties expense.
- (2) Parties may forego orientation for good cause with the Court's approval.

12.006 APPOINTMENT OF MEDIATOR

The parties may select a mediator of their own choosing, but if the mediator is not on the list of mediators approved by the court the expense of the mediator shall be the responsibility of the parties.

Grant County:

The court shall appoint a mediator from a list of approved mediators once a response/answer has been filed. The notice will be sent out to the mediator and both parties. If parties are represented by an attorney, their attorney will receive the notice. The mediator will make contact with either the parties directly or their attorney to schedule mediation orientation and mediation session. The initial session will occur within 14 days from date mediator receives notice.

Harney County:

- (1) The parties may select a mediator of their own choosing, but if the mediator is not on the list of mediator approved by the court the expense of the mediator shall be the responsibility of the parties.
- (2) The parties shall choose a mediator at orientation or within fourteen (14) days of the orientation if a party requests additional time. The parties shall notify the Court of the mediator selected, and the Court shall appoint the mediator and notify the parties of the appointment.
- (3) If the parties do not choose a mediator within fourteen (14) days of orientation, the mediation clerk shall select one or more mediators from the Court's panel of mediators and

shall send their names to legal counsel for the parties, or to a party directly if not represented, with a request that each party notify the court within five (5) days if they object to a mediator, and state their basis. If good cause is established, the court will select another mediator.

12.007 SCHEDULING OF MEDIATION SESSIONS

Upon receipt of a mediation assignment, a mediator shall immediately notify the parties of a date and time for the initial mediation session which shall occur in the mediator's office, unless otherwise agreed upon between the mediator and the parties. The initial mediation session should occur within twenty-one (21) days of notice of the assignment to the mediator.

12.008 MEDIATION COMPLETION

Mediation shall be completed in a prompt manner without undue delay of the court proceedings. All cases assigned to mediation must complete mediation within 90 days of assignment, unless otherwise ordered by the court. The mediator shall file with the court a notice that mediation was successful or unsuccessful

(1) If the parties come to an agreement in mediation the written mediated agreement shall be attached to or the terms restated in the judgment and presented to the court.

12.009 MEDIATOR QUALIFICATIONS

To qualify as a Court-approved mediator, a person must:

- (1) Meet the requirements of Oregon Judicial Court Connected Mediator Qualification Rules.
- (2) Sign and file an application with the Court.
- (3) Be approved by the Presiding Judge or his designee.
- (4) Be approved by the County Court.

12.011 MEDIATION WHERE POWER IMBALANCE EXISTS

- (1) Where there is a restraining order between the parties, a history of domestic violence or abuse, an extreme imbalance in the power relationship between that parties or other reason to believe that mediation may be inappropriate, a party may contact the assigned mediator to request that the parties meet with the mediator separately, the presence of a support person during mediation, telephonic mediator or another remedy. A mediator may exclude a support person from a session if the support person disrupts the process of mediation.
- (2) The mediator may arrange separate sessions, require telephonic mediator or terminate mediation at any time if the mediator believes that issues of violence, abuse, threatening, behavior, manipulation, or power imbalance make further mediation appropriate. In any telephonic mediation, both parties will participate by telephone.

NOTE: the privacy of records and confidentiality of communications in mediation are governed by ORS 107.785

CHAPTER 13 ARBITRATION

13.121 COMPENSATION ARBITRATORS

- (1) If parties do not pay their pro rata share of the preliminary payment for the arbitrator within 14 days from assignment of the arbitrator, the court may exercise its authority under UTCR 1.090(2).
- (2) Indigent parties may seek waiver or deferral of the arbitrator's fee within 14 days from the date the case is assigned to arbitration. The request must be submitted by motion and order, supported by an affidavit setting forth with specificity the party's income, assets and expenses and presented to the Presiding Judge for approval. In the event the funds are available under ORS 36.420 for the payment of fees waived or deferred, the arbitrator shall be reimbursed after filing of the arbitration award.

NOTE: The arbitration commission has established a compensation schedule for arbitrators. The arbitrator shall be compensated at the rate of \$120.00 per hour (or any greater sum agreed upon by the parties), not to exceed 10 hours, for hearings and related work. Each party shall pay a \$500.00 deposit directly to the arbitrator prior to the arbitrator beginning work on the case. The arbitrator shall be compensated at the rate of \$60.00 per hour for travel.

APPENDIX 1
SLR 8.001

STANDARD PARENTING PLAN

It is the policy of this court to encourage the parties to work out their own Parenting Plan, either between themselves, with the help of legal professionals or through mediation. The court will generally approve any Parenting Plan agreed upon by the parties. During this process, it is important for parents to attempt to minimize the amount of conflict the children are exposed to, because research has shown that children that are exposed to conflict are at increased risk for behavior problems, anxiety and depression. Parents involved in high levels of conflict should consider including provisions in the parenting plan that reduce conflict.

The intent of the Standard Parenting Plan is to provide a Parenting Plan to parties who have not been able to agree to an alternate, more flexible plan. Because each family's circumstances are different, the court may make provisions for more or less parenting time than provided for in the Standard Parenting Plan. The best interest of the child(ren) is the paramount consideration.

PETITIONER) STANDARD PARENTING PLAN
) Case #:
RESPONDENT) DATE:

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

(a) The parents names are:

(b) The Parenting Plan applies to the following child(ren)

Names

DOB

II. RESIDENTIAL SCHEDULE

(a) For the purposes of the Standard Parenting Plan, “residential parent” means the parent who provides the primary residence for the child(ren). The “nonresidential parent” refers to the parent who has parenting time with the child(ren) according to the schedule provided in the Parenting Plan

- (b) Mother shall be considered “residential parent”
 Father shall be considered “residential parent”

III. GUIDELINES FOR PARENTING TIME WITH MINOR CHILDREN IN DOMESTIC RELATIONS CASES

(a) DEFINITIONS

1. Weekends: A weekend is defined as commencing at 6:00 p.m. on Friday and ending at 6:00 p.m. on the following Sunday. The first weekend of the month is defined as the first one that has both a Saturday and a Sunday within the same calendar month.
2. Vacation and Holiday Periods: These are the dates set by the public school district in which the child(ren) resides whether or not the child(ren) is attending school or enrolled in that school.

(b) PARENTING TIME: The non-residential parent shall have not less than the following parenting time with the minor child(ren) unless agreed upon by the parents:

1. Children zero (0)- one (1) years:
 - a) Weekends: The first, third, and fifth Saturday of each month from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.
 - b) Mother’s Day/Father’s Day: Each year, the mother shall have the child(ren) on Mother’s Day and the father shall have the child(ren) on Father’s Day, from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.
 - c) Christmas: Christmas Eve from 9:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m. in odd numbered years and Christmas Day from 9:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m. in even numbered years.
 - d) Midweek: Each Wednesday from 5:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m.
2. Children one (1) –two (2) years:
 - a) Weekdays: The first, third, and fifth weekends of each month from 9:00 a.m. Saturday to 9:00 a.m. the following Sunday.
 - b) Mother’s Day/ Fathers Day: Each year, the mother shall have the child(ren) on Mother’s Day and the father shall have the child(ren) on Father’s Day, from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

- c) Christmas: Christmas Eve from 9:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m. in odd numbered years and Christmas Day from 9:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m. in even numbered years.
 - d) Summer: In lieu of summer parenting time, there shall be five (5) consecutive days each calendar year quarter upon thirty (30) days advance written notice to the primary custodial parent.
 - e) Midweek: Each Wednesday from 5:00 p.m. to 8:00 p.m.
3. Children over two (2) years:
- a) Weekends: First, third, and fifth weekends of each month.
 - b) In-service/Conference Days: In addition to weekend parenting time, if the child(ren) has a day out of school on either or both the Monday following and/or the Friday preceding the non-custodial parent's weekends parenting time, the non-custodial parent shall also have visitation with the child(ren) on said extra day(s) commencing either twenty-four (24) hours before and/or ending twenty-four (24) hours after the scheduled parenting time. This provision does not apply if the regular weekly schedule in that area is Monday through Thursday.
4. Summer: Thirty-five consecutive days during the period of school summer vacation. Before May 1 of each year, the non-custodial parent shall select and notify the custodial parent in writing of the inclusive dates of the thirty-five day parenting time period with the child(ren). If the non-custodial parent fails to give such written notice to the custodial parent before May 1 of the year of the summer parenting time the non-custodial parent nevertheless shall have the right to such summer parenting time with the child(ren), if and to the extent, that the time remains for such parenting time after the custodial parent's parenting time plans of up to two consecutive weeks.
- a) When the non-custodial parent exercises his or her right to a summer parenting time period of more than nineteen (19) days with the child(ren), the custodial parent shall have the right to a weekend of parenting time with the child(ren) on the third weekend after commencement of the extended parenting time by the non-custodial parent. Such interim parenting time by the custodial parent shall not lengthen the thirty-five day parenting time period allowed to the non-custodial parent.
 - b) The custodial parent shall have the right to designate one weekend each summer when the non-custodial parents weekend parenting time will not occur in order that the custodial parent can have the child(ren) for an uninterrupted two (2) weeks period. Before may 15 of each year, the custodial parent shall inform the non custodial parent of which weekend has been selected. The weekend shall not be on a holiday, birthday, or during the non-custodial parents summer parenting time period.

5. Holidays:

a) Even numbered years:

- I. Christmas: From 6:00 p.m. the day school lets out for Christmas vacation until 10:00 a.m. on December 26.
- II. Child's Birthday: The birthdays of the child(ren), from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. if the birthday falls on a weekend, or from 5:00 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. if the birthday falls on a weekday
- III. Thanksgiving holiday: Commencing on Wednesday prior to Thanksgiving, at 6:00 p.m. and ending on the Sunday following Thanksgiving at 6:00 P.M.
- IV. The Fourth of July: If this holiday does not fall on Friday, Saturday, Sunday, or Monday, parenting time shall commence at 9:00 a.m. and shall end at 10:00 p.m. on July 4th. If this holiday falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or Monday, parenting time shall commence at 6:00 p.m. on the Friday preceding the Fourth of July and shall end on Sunday the 4th, or Monday the 4th, as the case may be, at 6:00 p.m. If this holiday falls on a Friday parenting time shall commence at 6:00 p.m. on Thursday and shall end at 6:00 p.m. the following Sunday.
- V. Spring Break: The school spring vacation from 9:00 a.m. the day after school adjourns to 6:00 p.m. the day before school resumes.

b) Odd-numbered years:

- I. Christmas: From 10:00 a.m. on December 26 until 6:00 p.m. on the day before school resumes.
- II. Child's Birthday: the day before the child(ren)'s birthday, from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. , if the birthday falls on a weekend, or from 5:00 p.m. to 8:30 p.m. if the birthday falls on a weekday.
- III. Memorial Day Weekend: Commencing on the Friday preceding Memorial Day at 6:00 p.m. and ending on the following Monday at 6:00 p.m.

c) Every Year:

- I. Mother's Day/Father's Day: Each year, the mother shall have the child(ren) on Mother's Day and the father shall have the child(ren) on Father's Day, from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.
- II. Parent's Birthdays: Each parent shall have parenting time with the child(ren) on that parents birthday from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m.

C. RULES OF PARENTING TIME:

1. Holiday Parenting Time Supersedes: Holiday and summer parenting time supersedes weekend parenting time in the event there is a conflict of dates.
2. Exchange Times: all parenting time periods shall be exercised in a prompt manner so that both parties can make their plans accordingly. The non-residential parent shall pick the child(ren) up from the front step of the residential parent's residence no earlier than

thirty (30) minutes before and no later than thirty (30) minutes after the parenting time period commences. Return of the child(ren) to the front steps of the residential parent's residence shall also be subject to the thirty (30) minute rule. The residential parent shall have the child(ren) fed and ready on time for the parenting time period. The child(ren) shall be returned fed and with their clothing in the same manner (packed and cleaned) as they were when picked up for the parenting time.

3. Makeup Parenting Time: In the event the child(ren) are ill and unable to visit, a makeup parenting time will be allowed to the non-residential parent on the next succeeding weekend. However, if the non-residential parent fails to exercise his or her parenting time, for reasons of health or for any other reason there will be no makeup parenting time period. The child(ren) will not be permitted to determine whether they wish to visit with the non-residential parent.
 - a) Personal plans of the residential parent of child(ren), school activities and other considerations will not be reason for failing to adhere to this parenting time schedule. Only substantial medical reasons will be considered sufficient to postponement of parenting time schedule. Both parties will provide addresses and contact telephone numbers to the other parent and of any emergencies circumstances or substantial changes in the health of the child(ren).
4. Correspondence and Telephone Contact: The non-residential parent shall, in addition to the parenting time set forth in this order, have the unlimited right to correspond with the minor child(ren) of the parties, and to telephone the minor child(ren) during reasonable hours without interference or monitoring by the residential parent or anyone else in any way. Unless otherwise agreed to between the parties, telephone conferences between the non-residential parent and the child(ren) shall be limited to no more than two (2) per week and shall be limited, each call, to ten (10) minutes or less in duration.
5. Inappropriate Remarks: Both parents are restrained and enjoined from making derogatory comments about the other parent or in any way diminishing the love, respect and affection that the child(ren) have for the other parent.
6. School Activities: In addition to the parenting time specified above, the non-residential parent shall have the right to visit with the child(ren) at school, attend the child(ren)'s school activities, and have full access to school teachers and administrators for complete information about the child(ren) in school. The residential parent shall notify the non-residential parent of any parent-teacher conferences scheduled.

APPENDIX 2
SLR 9.081

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON
FOR THE COUNTY OF GRANT / HARNEY

Guardian/Conservatorship of _____)
) Case No. _____)
) **OBJECTION TO PETITION**)
) **FOR APPOINTMENT OF**)
) **GUARDIAN/CONSERVATOR**)
) _____)
(Protected Person))

I, _____,
(Objecting party's name and relationship to the Protected Person)
hereby object to the Protective proceeding or the proposed guardian or conservator for the following
reason (state reasons below and use additional sheet if necessary):

Signature of Objecting Party

Printed or Typed Name of Objecting Party

City State Zip

Telephone or Contact Telephone Number(s)